

1915.

THE

Urban District Council of Farsley.

REPORT

— on the —


Sanitary Condition
of Farsley in 1915,

— by —

JOHN R. LAMBERT,

— M.B., —

Medical Officer of Health.



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ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE HEALTH OF FARSLEY

FOR THE YEAR ENDING . . .

DECEMBER 31st, 1915.

**TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE
FARSLEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.**

GENTLEMEN,—

I have the honour to submit to you my Sixteenth ANNUAL REPORT on the the Health of the District.

During the earlier months of the year we had the usual variable weather conditions, with snow in February and March, April and May were cold, but we had a fine Whitsuntide, June and July were generally fine and warm, August and September wet, with an improvement towards the end of the latter month, October wet, November fine and cold, with frost in the early part and snow in the middle of the month; December foggy and wet at the beginning, with a heavy fall of snow on the 9th, followed by a very rapid thaw on the 10th.

The first case of Scarlet Fever was notified on January 25th, followed by one on the 31st. There were also a few cases of Chicken Pox.

On March 16th, the first case of Tuberculosis for the year was notified. In April the Council adopted the Compulsory Notification of First Cases of Measles, German Measles, and Whooping Cough.

At the end of May we had a few cases of Measles, the number increasing during June, and assuming an epidemic character in July, necessitating the closing of the Frances Street Infants' Department on the 16th of the month.

The disease appeared to work in batches or cycles, the third of which occurred during the third week of July, and abated the second week of August.

June was responsible for a few cases of Diarrhœa and Mumps were also prevalent. In July we had Mumps and several cases of Pneumonia. There were some cases of Diarrhœa and a few cases of Mumps during September, also several cases of the latter towards the end of November.

It is very gratifying to note, from the Local Government Board Returns, that our District compares very favourably with neighbouring areas as regards Infectious Diseases.

Notifications of Infectious Diseases and Attack Rates, 1915.

	SCARLET FEVER		DIPHTHERIA		ENTERIC FEVER		ERYSIPELAS.	
	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
CALVERLEY....	6	1.75	14	4.09			2	0.58
FARSLEY...	2	0.33	6	0.98	3	0.49	3	0.49
LEEDS.....	1441	3.23	396	0.89	108	0.24	347	0.78
PUDSEY.....	26	1.81	6	0.42	2	0.14	6	0.42

I am also pleased to report a considerable change of opinion as regards Vaccination, there having been fewer exemptions during 1915 than for some years past.

JANUARY 1st TO DECEMBER 31st, 1914.

	Registered.	Vaccinated	Insusceptible to Vaccination.	Had Small-Pox.	Removed	Statuary Declaration of Objection.	Dead Unvaccinated	Unaccounted for.
CALVERLEY AND FARSLEY	159	80	1	—	6	64	8	—
ONLY FARSLEY	111	59	1	—	3	42	6	—

JANUARY 1st TO JUNE 30th, 1915.

CALVERLEY AND FARSLEY	88	50	—	—	2	28	6	2
ONLY FARSLEY	61	35	—	—	1	19	4	2

General Statistics.—The total number of Births registered in the District during 1915 was 114, to which number has to be added 2 Transferable Births, which occurred outside our area, making a total of 116 Births. This number, calculated on a population of 6,129 (the estimate received from the County Medical Officer), gives a Birth-rate of 18.9 per thousand persons living, as against a Rate of 18.5 for the year 1914.

Illegitimate Births totalled 7, five inside and two outside the District.

The Birth-rate for England and Wales was 21.8, being 2.0 below that of 1914, and the lowest on record.

Fifty-six Deaths were registered in the District during the year, and to this number must be added 21 Deaths of Residents which occurred outside the District. The nett number of Deaths is 77 (an increase of 3 on the previous year), and this total, calculated on an estimated population of 6,129, gives a Rate of 12.5, being an increase of .2 on the previous year.

There were 4 Inquest cases.

The Death-rate for England and Wales was 15.1.

Deaths of Inhabitants of Farsley outside the District in 1915.

PLACE OF DEATH.	AGE.	SEX.	CAUSE OF DEATH.
Clayton Workhouse	76	F.	Senility.
do.	78	M.	Senility.
do.	72	M.	Cerebral Softening.
do.	50	F.	Heart Disease.
do.	2	M.	Pneumonia.
do.	68	M.	Cerebral Softening.
do.	43	F.	Cerebral Softening.
do.	15	F.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.
do.	61	M.	Cirrhosis of Liver.
Leeds Infirmary ...	60	M.	Cirrhosis of Liver.
do.	62	M.	Duodenal Ulcer.
do.	55	M	Oral Sepsis Purpura.
do.	36	M	Stricture.
do.	2	M	Scald (Inquest).
Bradford Infirmary	38	M	Lobar Pneumonia.
do.	55	M	Accident (Inquest).
Menston Asylum ...	60	M	Fatty Degeneration of heart.
Haverah Park ...	48	M	Cerebral Apoplexy.
Pudsey	63	F	Heart Disease.
Leeds	49	F	Cancer.
Calverley Moor Hospital	23	F	Enteric Fever.

Infant Mortality.—Seven Deaths of Infants under one year of age were registered, being exactly the same number as in two previous years. The number gives a Rate of 60.3 per thousand Births registered, a decrease of 2.7 on the previous year.

The Rate for England and Wales was 110.

Infectious Diseases.—Three cases were notified in the first, sixteen in the second, thirty-eight in the third, and two in the last quarter of the year, a total of 59 cases.

The great increase above the previous year, when only 12 cases were notified, is almost entirely due to Measles, this disease accounting for 45 of the total number.

The total was made up as follows:—

SCARLET FEVER.—Two cases notified, a decrease of 4 on 1914. Both removed to Hospital.

ERYSIPELAS.—Three cases notified, an increase of 2 on 1914.

DIPHTHERIA.—Six cases, an increase of 4 on the previous year. All removed to Hospital.

ENTERIC FEVER.—Three cases, an increase of 2 on 1914. All removed to Hospital. One Death.

MEASLES.—As previously mentioned this disease became notifiable during the year. One case occurred in May, nine in June, twenty-three in July, eleven in August, and one in September.

Calverley Joint Hospital Summary for 1915.

	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid	Diph- theria.	Admitted	Discharged	Died
CALVERLEY	6	—	14	20	13	—
ECCLESHILL	7	1	3	11	10	—
FARSLEY	2	3	6	11	10	1
IDLE	8	1	1	10	6	—
PUDSEY	23	3	3	29	22	3
Total ...	46	8	27	81	61	4

Deaths from Phthisis and Respiratory Diseases.

<i>Class of Disease.</i>	<i>Deaths.</i>
Phthisis	2
Bronchitis	3
Pneumonia (all forms)	8
Total	13

The total is the same as for 1914.

Phthisis.—Two Deaths, giving a Rate of .32 per thousand, a distinct decrease on the previous year.

Bronchitis and Pneumonia (all Forms).—The number of Deaths was 11, giving a Respiratory Death-rate of 1.7 per thousand, a slight increase on 1914.

Tuberculosis.—Eleven new cases were reported during the year, made up of 6 cases of Tuberculosis of the Lungs, and 5 of other organs. The total of 11 compares very favourably with 14 for the previous year.

Malignant Diseases (Cancer).—Eight Deaths have been registered, an increase of 1 on 1914.

Water.—Two samples of Water were submitted for analysis, early in the year, from the Town's Supply. Negative results in each case.

Appended are the Tables to which I beg to draw your attention, also your Surveyor's Report.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

JOHN R. LAMBERT,

Medical Officer of Health.



Table I.—Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1915 and previous Years.

Nett Deaths belonging to the District.												
YEAR.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	BIRTHS.			Total Deaths Registered in the District.		Transferable Deaths. †		Under 1 year of Age.		At all Ages.	
		Uncor-rected Number	Nett.		Number *	Rate.	of Non-dents regis-tered in the District †	of Resi-dents regis-tered in the district. †	Number *	Rate per 1000 Births regis-tered.	Number *	Rate.*
			Number †	Rate.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1910	5740	128		22.2	72	12.5		6			78	13.5
1911	5996	123	125	20.5	80	13.3		5	11	89.4	85	14.1
1912	5996	106	107	17.6	71	11.8		11	11	104.3	82	13.6
1913	6000	119	118	19.8	52	8.6		15	7	58.8	67	11.1
1914	6000	110	111	18.5	69	11.5		5	7	68.0	74	12.3
1915	6129	114	116	18.9	56	10.9		21	7	60.3	77	12.5

NOTES.—This Table is arranged to show the gross births and deaths in the district during the calendar year, and the births and deaths properly belonging to it with the corresponding rates. The rates should be calculated per 1000 of the estimated gross population as stated in Col. 2, without the use of the standardising factor for the district given in the Annual Report of the Registrar-General. In a district in which large Public Institutions for the sick or infirm seriously affect the statistics, the rates in Columns 5 and 13 may be calculated on a nett population, obtained by deducting from the estimated gross population the average number of inmates not belonging to the district in such institutions.

* In Column 6 are to be included the whole of the deaths registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district, but excluding the deaths of Soldiers and Sailors that have occurred in hospitals and institutions in the district. Information as to the number and causes of such deaths should, however, be given in the text of the report.

In Column 12 is to be entered the number in Column 6, corrected by subtraction of the number in Column 8 and by addition of the number in Column 9. Deaths in Column 10 are to be similarly corrected by subtraction of the deaths under 1, included in the number given in Column 8, and by addition of the deaths under 1 included in the number given in Column 9.

† The Medical Officer of Health will be able from the returns made to him by the local Registrar of Deaths, as well as from the quarterly lists furnished by the Registrar-General, to fill in Column 8 in accordance with the rule in the next paragraph below. The Registrar-General, either directly or through the County Medical Officer of Health, will supply the Medical Officer of Health with the particulars of deaths to be entered in Column 9; and all such deaths must be included in this Column, unless an error is detected, and its correction has been accepted by the Registrar-General. For Column 4 the Registrar-General will furnish about the end of January, to the Medical Officer of Health a Statement of the number of births needing to be added to or subtracted from the total supplied by the local Registrar.

† "Transferable Deaths" are deaths of persons who, having a fixed or usual residence in England or Wales, die in a district other than that in which they resided. The deaths of persons without fixed or usual residence, e.g., casuals, must not be included in Columns 8 or 9, except in certain instances under 3 (b) below. The Medical Officer of Health will state in Column 8 the number of transferable deaths of "non-residents" which are to be deducted, and will state in Column 9 the number of deaths of "residents" registered outside the district which are to be added in calculating the nett death-rate of his district.

The following special cases arise as to Transferable Deaths :—

(1) Persons dying in Institutions for the sick or infirm, such as hospitals, lunatic asylums, workhouses, and nursing homes (but not almshouses) must be regarded as residents of the district in which they had a fixed or usual residence at the time of admission. If the person dying in an Institution had no fixed residence at the time of admission, the death is not transferable. If the patient has been directly transferred from one such institution to another, the death is transferable to the district of residence at the time of admission to the first Institution.

(2) The deaths of infants born and dying within a year of birth in an Institution to which the mother was admitted for her confinement should be referred to the district of fixed or usual residence of the parent.

(3) Deaths from Violence are to be referred (a) to the district of residence, under the general rule; (b) if this district is unknown, or the deceased had no fixed abode, to the district where the accident occurred, if known; (c) failing this, to the district where death occurred, if known; and (d) failing this, to the district where the body was found.

Area of District in Acres } 840	} At Census, 1911.
(land and inland water)	
Total population at all ages: 5,996.	
Total families or separate occupiers:	

TABLE II.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1915.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.	NUMBER OF CASES NOTIFIED.							Total Cases removed to Hospital
	At all Ages.	under 1	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	
Small-pox								
Cholera								
Plague								
Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)..	6		1	5				6
Erysipelas	3				2		1	
Scarlet Fever	2			1	1			2
Typhus Fever								
Enteric Fever	3				2	1		3
Relapsing Fever								
Continued Fever								
Puerperal Fever								
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis								
Poliomyelitis								
Ophthalmia Neonatorum								
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	6			1	2	3		
Other forms of Tuberculosis	5		3	1	1			
Measles	45	1	23	20	1			
Totals	70	1	27	28	9	4	1	11

ISOLATION HOSPITAL—Calverley Moor Hospital, Thornbury.

TABLE III.

Deaths registered during the Calendar Year 1915
classified by age and cause.

Causes of Death.	Nett Deaths at the subjoined ages of "Residents" whether occurring within or without the District.								
	All Ages	1 to 5	1 to 2	2 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	65 and upward.
All causes { Certified Uncertified	2	3	4	6	6	7	8	9	10
Enteric Fever	77	7	2	5	1	8	6	24	24
Small Pox	1					1			
Measles									
Scarlet Fever									
Whooping Cough				1	1				
Diphtheria and Croup...	1					1	1		
Influenza	1					1			
Erysipelas									
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis)	2						1		
Tuberculous Meningitis.	2			1		1			
Other Tuberculous Diseases	1					1			
Cancer, malignant disease	8							5	3
Rheumatic Fever									
Meningitis									
Organic Heart Disease..	7						1	5	1
Bronchitis	3					1		1	1
Pneumonia (all forms) ..	8		1	1		1	1	3	1
Other diseases of respiratory organs	2	1				1			
Diarrhoea and Enteritis.									
Appendicitis & Typhlitis.	2							2	
Cirrhosis of Liver									
Alcoholism									
Nephritis and Bright's Disease	3		1				1	1	
Puerperal Fever									
Other accidents and diseases of Pregnancy and Parturition									
Congenital Debility and Malformation, including Premature Birth .	6	6							
Violent Deaths, excluding Suicide	1			1					8
Suicide									
Other defined diseases...	19			1		1	2	7	
Diseases ill-defined or unknown	10								10
Senility									
	77	7	2	5	1	8	6	24	24

TABLE IV.

FARSLEY URBAN DISTRICT.

Infant Mortality during the Year 1915.

Nett deaths from stated causes at various ages under 1 year of age.

CAUSE OF DEATH.		Under 1 week	1-2 weeks	2-3 weeks	3-4 weeks	Total under 1 month	1-3 months	3-6 months	6-9 months	9-12 months	Total Deaths under one Year
All Causes.	Certified ..	4	1		1	6		1			7
	Uncertified										
{	Small-pox ...										
	Chicken-pox ...										
	Measles ...										
	Scarlet Fever ...										
{	Diphtheria: Croup ...										
	Whooping Cough ...										
	Diarrhœa ...							1			
	Enteritis. . .										
{	Tuberculous Menin- gitis ...										
	Abdominal Tuber- culosis (<i>b</i>)...										
	Other Tuberculous Diseases ...										
	Congenital Malform ations (<i>c</i>)...	1					1				1
{	Premature Birth ...	3	1			4					4
	Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus }										
	Atelectasis ...										
	Injury at Birth ...										
	Erysipelas ...										
	Syphilis ...										
	Rickets ...										
	Meningitis (<i>Not Tuberculous</i>) }										
	Convulsions ...				1	1					1
	Gastritis ...										
	Laryngitis ...										
	Bronchitis ...										
	Pneumonia (all forms)										
	Suffocation overlying										
	Other Causes ...										
		4	1		1	6		1			7

Nett Births in the year	{ Legitimate 109. Illegitimate 7.	Nett Deaths in the year of	{ Legitimate infants 7. Illegitimate infants —
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FARSLEY URBAN DISTRICT
COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SURVEYOR AND INSPECTOR OF NUISANCES

FOR THE YEAR 1915.

Council Offices,

Farsley.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE
FARSLEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have great pleasure in presenting to you my Second Annual Report of the various works carried out in my department, and I hope that the information contained herein will be of interest to each member of the Council.

I have the honour to remain, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

BASIL H. NOBLE, C.E.

SURVEYOR'S DEPARTMENT.

PLANS.

The following is a list of buildings, the plans for which have been approved by the Council during the last two years :—

	1914.		1915.
New Houses and Shops	18	...	0
Alterations and Additions to Ditto.	2	...	2
Extensions to Factories and Workshops ...	9	...	7
New Water Closets	4	...	24
Pavilions	1	...	0
Porch	0	...	1
	—		—
Total	34	...	34
	—		—

HIGHWAYS.

Below is a summary of work done on the Highways during the year.

LEEDS AND BRADFORD ROAD.

This Road, from Old Road to Priesthorpe Road, on the north side of the tramway, was relayed on the Rocmac system, 280 tons of whinstone being used.

The Footpath Improvement, mentioned in my last report, has been carried out, 270 tons of asphalt being used, and 681 square yards of flagging being dressed and relayed.

TOWN STREET.

From the Church Corner to Well Street this road was coated with Granite laid with Glutrin as a binder. The work was done during heavy storms, but there has not been a loose stone since the day the material was laid.

The Footpath on the west side from Charles Street to the Council Offices was relaid to new levels.

An improvement in front of the Fleece Hotel was carried out by rounding off an acute corner and taking about 12 square yards of land into the roadway, and also the laying of a new paved footpath.

WOODHALL ROAD.

For a distance of about 100 yards from Bradford Road this road was coated with Granite.

GALLOWAY LANE AND CALVERLEY LANE.

These Roads were patched with Granite where necessary.

PRIVATE STREETS.

Viaduct Street, Stanningley, was sewered, levelled, flagged, channelled, and paved under Section 150,, P.H.A. 1875, the total cost of the work being £519.

Sunfield, Stanningley, was coated with Granite, also under Sec. 150, the cost of the work being £80.

TAR SPRAYING.

Tar spraying was done in Bagley Lane from the Boundary to the Chapel Corner; in New Street from the Church Corner to the Ginnel; together with a small length at the Bradford Road end of New Street.

STATE OF WEATHER AND CONDITION OF ROADS.

The following schedule with reference to the state of the weather and condition of the roads each day have been taken from the diary :—

MONTH.	RAINFALL.				STATE OF WEATHER.				CONDITION OF ROADS.		
	Total Depth. Inches.	Greatest Fall in 24 Hours.		No. of Days with .01 or more record- ed.	Fine	Wet	Snow	Frost	Good	Fair	Bad
		Inches.	Date.								
JANUARY ..	3.11	.75	16th	20	6	20	1	4	3	3	25
FEBRUARY	3.40	.48	14th	20	3	20	1	4	4	3	21
MARCH ...	1.01	.30	1st	10	19	10	2	0	15	4	12
APRIL60	.17	8th	7	15	7	3	5	24	4	2
MAY	2.35	.93	8th	9	22	9	0	0	26	3	2
JUNE... ..	.93	.52	29th	6	24	6	0	0	28	2	0
JULY	2.92	.52	7th	17	14	17	0	0	25	5	1
AUGUST ...	2.83	.50	7th	19	12	19	0	0	19	8	4
SEPTEMBER	.87	.40	25th	6	24	6	0	0	28	2	0
OCTOBER ..	1.34	.50	27th	11	20	11	0	0	15	10	6
NOVEMBER	1.62	.90	12th	7	14	7	1	8	21	5	4
DECEMBER	6.72	1.05	5th	21	6	21	2	2	2	2	27
TOTAL...	27.70			153	179	153	10	23	210	51	104

WATER SUPPLY.

A plentiful and adequate supply of pure water was obtained during the year.

The quantity of water registered at the boundary meters during the last three years was as follows:—

		Low Level.		High Level.		Total.
1913	...	11,742,000	...	27,762,000	...	39,504,000
1914	...	10,076,000	...	29,333,000	...	39,409,000
1915	...	10,137,000	...	29,736,000	...	39,873,000

I also give below the quantity of water used for trade purposes during the last three years:—

		Low Level.		High Level.		Total.
1913	...	5,962,000	...	3,173,000	...	9,135,000
1914	...	6,366,000	...	960,000	...	7,326,000
1915	...	5,368,000	...	1,052,000	...	6,420,000

By deducting the total amount of water used for trade purposes during the year 1915, from the quantity registered at the boundary meters, and taking the population at 6,000, the amount consumed for domestic purposes per head for every 24 hours works out at 15 gallons only.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

The final effluent from the Sewage Farm has greatly improved; in fact, no complaint of any kind has been received during the year. I attribute this improvement to two reasons, viz. :—Strict supervision of trade wastes and better management at the Farm.

Two Sludge Filters are now nearing completion, and which will entirely do away with the pumping of the sludge, and hence the saving of a great deal of labour.

PUBLIC LIGHTING.

The Lighting Restrictions have disorganised this department, only 71 lamps being lit out of a total of 259 lamps.

I mentioned in my last report that I was going into the matter of lighting and cleaning, &c., of the lamps, as the amount of 12/6 per burner for lamp lighting was, in my opinion, excessive, but owing to the above restrictions I am unable to make any comparison with previous years' expenditure.

SCAVENGING.

During the last two years the following number of loads of refuse, which includes house and trade refuse, and the emptying of privies, has been dealt with:—

		Total No. of Loads.		No. taken to Tip.		No. taken by Farmers.
1914	...	2,141	...	1,065	...	1,076
1915	...	2,237	...	1,009	...	1,228

STEAM ROLLER.

The Roller has been engaged 95 days out of a possible 275 days during the year, which is accounted for as follows :—

Other Authorities	24
Own Roads	25
Main Roads	46

FIRE BRIGADE.

The following practices have been held during the year :—

Dry Practices	18
Wet Practices	1
Fire Calls	0

The present strength of the Brigade is one Officer and 8 men. The general discipline of the Brigade is good, and the members take an interest in the work.

SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Each case as notified to me by your Medical Officer of Health has been visited to obtain the necessary information respecting the diseases, the drains and fittings, &c., were inspected and any defects found being reported to the owners of the property.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS.

The Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops have been periodically inspected, and were found clean and in good order.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES.

There are eight Slaughter Houses in the district, which have been inspected from time to time, and were found generally clean, but lime-washing has, in one or two cases, been neglected.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

The Factories and Workshops have been inspected, and in some instances a great improvement has been made as regards the sanitary accommodation.

BAKE-HOUSES.

The Bake-houses have been inspected and were found exceedingly clean and well kept. There is one underground bake-house in the district.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

As mentioned in my last report, it would be my endeavour to have as many as possible of these undesirable privies converted into proper water closets.

I am now pleased to be able to report that 32 privies have been converted, and 9 additional Water Closets have been built where the existing accommodation was insufficient, which makes a total of 41 Water Closets having been connected to your sewers during the year, against 4 only during the previous year.

Table C. 1915.**FARSLEY SANITARY DISTRICT.****WATER SUPPLY.**

Any developments during 1915? None.

Any insufficiency, and where? None.

Any curtailment? None. When and for how long? None.

Did any wells fail, and where? None.

Any unsatisfactory quality, and where? None.

Any unchecked plumbo-solvent action? None.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Any developments during 1915? None.

Developments still needed as to (a) Want of sewers, None.

(b) Improvement of defective sewers, None.

Any inadequacy of Sewage Disposal Works, or complaints as to smells? None.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

No. of Privies with open middens, 89.

No. of Pail or Tub Closets, 15.

No. of Privies with covered middens, 278.

No. of Water Closets, 633. Waste-water Closets, 24.

No. of Privies re-constructed during 1915—(a) as w.c.'s, 32.

(b) other, None.

No of *additional* Closets provided for old property in 1915—

(a) w.c.'s, 9. (b) other, None.

No. of Closets constructed in 1915 for new houses (a) w.c.'s'

None. (b) other, None.

SCAVENGING.

How is refuse disposed of (b) Tips, Part.

(c) Farmers, Part.

Is there any inadequacy, and where? None.

Any change during 1915? None.

NUISANCE INSPECTION.

Total No. of Inspections made in 1915, 221.

Informal Notices served, 24. Complied with, 18.

Statutory Notices served, 10. Complied with, 4.

Total No. of Nuisances in hand at close of 1914, 6; at close of 1915, 6.

Total No. of Nuisances reported during 1915, 20; abated during 1915, 14.

Total No. of Summonses or other legal proceedings, None.

Have the Council declared any other processes to be offensive trades, *e.g.*, Fish-frying, Maggot-breeding, etc.? No.

SCHOOLS.

No. of Elementary Schools in District, 4.

No. of Visits to Schools, —.

Action taken, —.

MILK SUPPLY.

No. of samples taken by Officers of S.A. for analysis under F. and D. Acts, None.

No. of samples taken by Officers of S.A. for bacteriological examination, None.

What arrangement for Veterinary Inspection of dairy cows? M.O.H. and qualified M.R.C.V.S.

Any instance of disease attributed to milk in 1915? No.

No. of Cowkeepers in district, 11. No. Registered, 11.

No. of Milk Sellers who are also Cowkeepers, 6. No. who are Purveyors only, 6. Total No. Registered, 12.

Total No. of Cowsheds, 22. No. of Inspections in 1915, 132. General Condition, Fair.

Approx. No. of Milch Cows in District, 130.

Any insufficiency in Milk Supply? No.

Legal proceedings under D.C.M. Orders, None.

Any Inspection or other action by Districts to which Milk is sent? No.

OTHER FOODS.

No. of samples (other than Milk) taken by Officer of S.A. for examination under the Food and Drug Acts, None.

No. of seizures of unsound food, None.

No. of Slaughter houses, 7. No. Registered, 7. Kind and Condition, Private, fair.

No. of Prosecutions (a) Food and Drugs, None.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

Any Smoke nuisance, and where? —.

No. of Smoke observations taken, 4. No. of Cautions, 3. Legal Notices, None. Summonses, None.

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

What diseases have been specially prevalent in 1915? Measles.

Any special action to combat same? Notification to M.O.H.

Is Hospital accommodation adequate and sufficient? Yes.

What arrangement for the supply of antitoxin? Through M.O.H. gratis.

Any diseases specially added to notifiable list? Measles.

Any influences threatening the health of the District? No.

TUBERCULOSIS.

(1) Inspection of patient's home and workshop : —.

(2) Examination for contracts : —.

(3) Disinfection : Yes.

- (4) Distribution of advice leaflets: No.
- (5) Action *re* spitting: —.
- (6) Shelters provided: —.
- (7) Is sputum examined? Yes.
- (8) Tuberculosis Dispensaries.—Any suggestions: —.

BACTERIOLOGY.

Is County Laboratory utilized? Yes.

Any suggestions? —.

INFANT MORTALITY.

What organised effort to control it? —.

Any Baby Clinic, Baby's Welcome, or Mother's League? —.

Causes of any excessive Infant Mortality in 1915: —.

VITAL STATISTICS.

BIRTHS during 1915—Males, 55; Females, 61; Total 116,
No. illegitimate included in above, 7. No. of Still Births
(not included), 0.

DEATHS during 1915—(1) Gross Deaths, *i.e.*, Total actually
registered in the District *without any correction*, 56.

(2) Nett Deaths on which the rates are calculated: Males, 48;
Females, 29; Total, 77.

No. of uncertified deaths (included above), 0.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mean Temperature for 1915: —.

Rainfall: 27.70 inches.

What Mortuary accommodation—(a) for accidents: —. (b)
for infectious cases other than at Hospital: —.

No. of Burial Grounds: —.

Any need for extension? —.

SANITARY STAFF.

What is the present Annual Salary of the M.O.H.? £30.

Name of Sanitary Inspector : Basil H. Noble.

Annual Salary as Inspector : £60.

Other appointments held : Surveyor.

Salary for such other appointments : £70.

Any Assistants? No.

Is Staff sufficient? Yes.